Citizen Participation and Public Petitions Committee Wednesday 26 June 2024 12th Meeting, 2024 (Session 6)

# PE2096: Review the council tax system

# Introduction

**Petitioner** Eleanor Fraser

**Petition summary** Calling on the Scottish Parliament to urge the Scottish

Government to start a review into the council tax system to consider whether rates could be set per capita, rather than by

property value.

Webpage https://petitions.parliament.scot/petitions/PE2096

1. This is a new petition that was lodged on 18 April 2024.

- 2. A full summary of this petition and its aims can be found at **Annexe A**.
- 3. A SPICe briefing has been prepared to inform the Committee's consideration of the petition and can be found at **Annexe B**.
- 4. Every petition collects signatures while it remains under consideration. At the time of writing, 34 signatures have been received on this petition.
- 5. The Committee seeks views from the Scottish Government on all new petitions before they are formally considered.
- 6. The Committee has received a submission from the Scottish Government which is set out in **Annexe C** of this paper.

## Action

7. The Committee is invited to consider what action it wishes to take.

Clerks to the Committee June 2024

# **Annexe A: Summary of petition**

PE2096: Review the council tax system

**Petitioner** 

**Eleanor Fraser** 

**Date Lodged** 

18 April 2024

# **Petition summary**

Calling on the Scottish Parliament to urge the Scottish Government to start a review into the council tax system to consider whether rates could be set per capita, rather than by property value.

# **Background information**

Council tax should be based on everyone using services, rather than property values. Adult children still living at home earning a reasonable income use services but don't make any contribution.

Many of us have worked hard during our careers to provide ourselves with a nice house. However, the current level of council tax is like a mortgage that can never be repaid. I am aware of some people whose annual payment is 15-20% of their annual income.

In my opinion, the poll tax was a far better system. There were failings in how it was rolled out and most councils failed in their ability to collect from non-payers.

If the system became a per capita payment I believe this would be far fairer.

# Annexe B: SPICe briefing on PE2096

# SPICe The Information Centre An t-Ionad Fiosrachaidh

# Brief overview of issues raised by the petition

The petitioner calls on the Scottish Parliament to urge the Scottish Government to start a review into the council tax system to consider whether rates could be set per capita, rather than by property value.

#### Introduction

Council tax was introduced in 1993 as a local property tax, and most households across the UK have to pay it. It is collected by local authorities and it helps fund local services. In financial year 2022-23, the tax brought in over £2.7 billion for Scotland's councils, roughly 12% of total local government income. Writing in 2004, Professor Allan McConnell stated:

"...[council tax's] core principle is that local taxation be based on property ownership and occupation (unlike the Poll Tax which was premised on each individual benefitting from access to local services), with this being a broad indicator of 'ability to pay' and 'fairness'".

The fairness, or otherwise, of council tax has been debated for decades. Indeed, the abolition of the tax was a 2007 SNP manifesto commitment, although a replacement tax could not be agreed between the minority Scottish Government and the opposition parties in Parliament. Some 8 years later, the Commission on Local Tax Reform was established to explore alternatives to council tax<sup>1</sup>. This concluded that "the present Council Tax system must end". However, only limited reforms were implemented as a result of the Commission's work, and the tax remains pretty much as it was in the 1990s.

Local taxation is devolved, so it is in the Scottish Parliament's powers to abolish, replace or alter the current council tax system in Scotland. The House of Commons Library recently noted that even after 24 years of devolution, "council tax arrangements in Scotland are broadly similar to those in England and Wales".

#### How are council tax bills calculated?

Council tax is paid by occupiers of domestic properties, and the amount paid depends on the valuation band that a property is placed in (A-H). Properties are assessed with a judgement made as to what the property would have been valued at in 1991. Assessors then place properties into one of 8 bands, ranging from A (the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Commission's website does not appear to be working; however, SPICe has hard copies and pdfs of the Commission's report and can provide to Members and staff on request.

lowest value) to H (the highest). Councils set the band D rate each year as part of their budget setting process, and the rates for the other bands are calculated as a ratio of band D. These ratios are set nationally.

Households receive their bill for the forthcoming financial year in March with many households opting to pay their bill by monthly direct debit.

The average band D council tax bill in Scotland in 2024-25 is £1,421, compared to £2,171 in England and £2,024 in Wales (see Council Tax Rates: Comparing Scotland to other UK nations).

## **Exemptions and reductions**

## Exempt dwellings

There are certain classes of dwellings which are exempt from council tax, as originally set-out in the <a href="Council Tax">Council Tax</a> (Exempt Dwellings) (Scotland) Order 1997 (subsequently amended in 2012 and 2018). Exempt dwellings include various types of unoccupied dwellings (e.g. a dwelling owned by someone who has recently passed away) and various occupied dwellings (such as halls of residences, dwellings occupied by young care leavers and armed forces accommodation).

### Discounts, disregards and reductions

Council tax is payable on all other dwellings which are not considered exempt. However, there are various reductions and discounts available to certain types of premises and households. Citizens Advice Scotland includes a list of people who are disregarded for Council Tax purposes: Council Tax - Citizens Advice Scotland

As set out in the *CPAG Council Tax Handbook* (hardcopy in SPICe), council tax bills are normally calculated on the assumption that two adults occupy a property. The Local Government Finance Act 1992, however, set out that in dwellings where there is only one person resident, a 25% discount applies. Where there is more than one adult, other discounts may be available, for example if the second adult is a student or is "severely mentally impaired".

#### Council tax reduction scheme

Council Tax Reduction (CTR) is a means-tested scheme reducing how much low-income households must pay in council tax. The reduction can be any proportion of the liability, up to and including 100 per cent. Section 80 of the 1992 Local Government Act and <u>associated regulations</u> also include provision for disability reduction schemes.

#### Criticism of council tax

The Commission on Local Tax Reform concluded that some people in Scotland are paying more than they should, and some people are paying less than they should. Thus, there is an unfairness in the current system. A <u>recent report commissioned by the STUC</u> found three major problems with council tax and these are consistent with the issues identified by the Commission on Local Tax Reform 8 years earlier.

Firstly, the system is regressive, with households living in high-value houses paying considerably less as a proportion of their property wealth than households living in lower-value houses. Writing last year, the <a href="Poverty and Inequality Commission">Poverty and Inequality Commission</a> concluded that:

"Council Tax is a badly outdated and regressive tax requiring fundamental reform. Research we commissioned from the Resolution Foundation in 2019 highlighted that Council Tax remained almost as regressive as the Poll Tax it replaced."

Secondly, there is substantial variation in council tax as a proportion of average house prices across Scotland. In Inverclyde, the average council tax bill for 2023-24 is £1,158 which is 0.87% of the average house price in mid-2023. By comparison, in the City of Edinburgh the average council tax bill of £1,484 is 0.44% of the average house price.

Thirdly, the bandings used for the Council Tax system in Scotland are based on house valuations in 1991. The Commission on Local Tax Reform previously found that:

"The present Council Tax, based on 1991 values, means people living in properties that have increased in value by more than the Scottish average since 1991 are likely to be paying less than they should, whilst others in properties whose value has not kept pace with the Scottish average are paying more than they should."

Likewise, the Institute for Fiscal Studies recently wrote:

"The reason why using 1991 values is increasingly absurd is not that average property values have increased almost fivefold in the intervening 32 years. It is that the value of different properties in different parts of the country have changed by very different amounts in that period"

#### And:

"At some stage, continuing to base council tax on 1991 values will graduate from the absurd to the lunatic: does the Scottish Government envisage its successors continuing to use 1991 values in 2091? And the longer reform is delayed, the harder it will likely be."

They point out that the Welsh Government has <u>committed to revaluation and more</u> <u>fundamental reform of council tax</u>, despite <u>some political reaction</u> when a previous revaluation was undertaken in 2005.

As <u>of March 2024</u>, the Scottish Government had no plan for a revaluation of domestic properties. The Commission on Local Tax Reform concluded that "history shows that replacing or reforming a tax is not easy". There are always winners and losers with any taxation changes, and the losers are usually the most vocal.

# The Community Charge (or "Poll Tax")

The petitioner writes:

"In my opinion, the poll tax was a far better system. There were failings in how it was rolled out and most councils failed in their ability to collect from non-payers. If the system became a per capita payment I believe this would be far fairer."

A poll tax is a tax on all adults, and the form of poll tax introduced in Scotland in 1989 meant that almost everyone had to pay something, including students, the unemployed and pensioners. The Conservative UK Government felt it was fair that almost all adults who used local services should help pay for them through local taxation.

However, from the start, non-payment posed major problems. During the first year of its introduction in Scotland (1989-90), summary warrants for non-payment were taken out against 1.4 million individuals in Scotland, and in many urban areas the non-collection rate stood at over 30%. Writing in 1999, Professor Allan McConnell stated:

"It is simply not possible to widen the tax base and draw millions of people into new liabilities, shift the base from the immovable (property) to the moveable (people)...without incurring major expense because of problems of registration, non-registration, updating registers, non-payment, non-collection, etc".

Referring to the poll tax as "the most celebrated disaster in post-war British politics", the LSE Professor Tony Travers believes that:

"The highly regressive nature of the tax, and the vocal public demonstrations that ensued, led to its downfall and eventual replacement with the Council Tax in 1993."

#### Other alternatives to council tax

Local governments across the world have a range of tax raising powers, with Scotland, and the UK more generally, being fairly rare in relying so much on local property taxes. The OECD provides data on the types of local taxes levied by local governments across member countries. Almost all developed countries levy taxes on property – property taxes work well in a local context as it is near impossible to move property assets between different jurisdictions. However, most local governments across the OECD have "baskets" of local taxes which may be levied on incomes, goods and services, as well as property:

Table 4: Distribution of Local Taxes, some OECD Countries, 2019 (as % of total local tax)

	Income	Property	Goods and services	Other
Australia	0%	100%	0%	0%
Austria	72%	14%	7%	3%
Belgium	35%	57%	7%	0%

Denmark         89%         11%         0%         0%           Estonia         0%         82%         18%         0%           Finland         92%         8%         0%         0%           France         7%         50%         35%         7%           Germany         80%         11%         9%         0%           Greece         0%         93%         7%         0%           Iceland         80%         17%         2%         0%           Ireland         0%         95%         0%         0%           Italy         19%         22%         31%         28%           Japan         51%         27%         21%         1%           Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           P	Canada	0%	97%	2%	1%
Estonia         0%         82%         18%         0%           Finland         92%         8%         0%         0%           France         7%         50%         35%         7%           Germany         80%         11%         9%         0%           Greece         0%         93%         7%         0%           Iceland         80%         17%         2%         0%           Ireland         0%         95%         0%         0%           Italy         19%         22%         31%         28%           Japan         51%         27%         21%         1%           Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lutembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portuga	Czech Republic	0%	56%	44%	0%
Finland         92%         8%         0%         0%           France         7%         50%         35%         7%           Germany         80%         11%         9%         0%           Greece         0%         93%         7%         0%           Iceland         80%         17%         2%         0%           Ireland         0%         95%         0%         0%           Italy         19%         22%         31%         28%           Japan         51%         27%         21%         1%           Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Slova	Denmark	89%	11%	0%	0%
France         7%         50%         35%         7%           Germany         80%         11%         9%         0%           Greece         0%         93%         7%         0%           Iceland         80%         17%         2%         0%           Ireland         0%         95%         0%         0%           Italy         19%         22%         31%         28%           Japan         51%         27%         21%         1%           Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Sl	Estonia	0%	82%	18%	0%
Germany         80%         11%         9%         0%           Greece         0%         93%         7%         0%           Iceland         80%         17%         2%         0%           Ireland         0%         95%         0%         0%           Italy         19%         22%         31%         28%           Japan         51%         27%         21%         1%           Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%	Finland	92%	8%	0%	0%
Greece         0%         93%         7%         0%           Iceland         80%         17%         2%         0%           Ireland         0%         95%         0%         0%           Italy         19%         22%         31%         28%           Japan         51%         27%         21%         1%           Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%	France	7%	50%	35%	7%
Iceland         80%         17%         2%         0%           Ireland         0%         95%         0%         0%           Italy         19%         22%         31%         28%           Japan         51%         27%         21%         1%           Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%	Germany	80%	11%	9%	0%
Ireland         0%         95%         0%         0%           Italy         19%         22%         31%         28%           Japan         51%         27%         21%         1%           Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%	Greece	0%	93%	7%	0%
Italy         19%         22%         31%         28%           Japan         51%         27%         21%         1%           Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         0%         10%         0%         0%	Iceland	80%	17%	2%	0%
Japan         51%         27%         21%         1%           Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         0%         10%         0%         0%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0% <th>Ireland</th> <th>0%</th> <th>95%</th> <th>0%</th> <th>0%</th>	Ireland	0%	95%	0%	0%
Korea         20%         45%         26%         8%           Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	Italy	19%	22%	31%	28%
Latvia         86%         12%         1%         0%           Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	Japan	51%	27%	21%	1%
Lithuania         0%         84%         16%         0%           Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	Korea	20%	45%	26%	8%
Luxembourg         94%         5%         1%         0%           New Tealand         0%         52%         48%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	Latvia	86%	12%	1%	0%
Netherlands         0%         52%         48%         0%           New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	Lithuania	0%	84%	16%	0%
New Zealand         0%         88%         12%         0%           Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	Luxembourg	94%	5%	1%	0%
Norway         87%         13%         1%         0%           Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	Netherlands	0%	52%	48%	0%
Poland         66%         29%         4%         1%           Portugal         25%         48%         27%         0%           Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	New Zealand	0%	88%	12%	0%
Portugal       25%       48%       27%       0%         Slovak Republic       0%       64%       36%       0%         Slovenia       75%       18%       7%       0%         Spain       18%       44%       38%       0%         Sweden       98%       2%       0%       0%         Switzerland       80%       17%       1%       2%         United Kingdom       0%       100%       0%       0%	Norway	87%	13%	1%	0%
Slovak Republic         0%         64%         36%         0%           Slovenia         75%         18%         7%         0%           Spain         18%         44%         38%         0%           Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	Poland	66%	29%	4%	1%
Slovenia       75%       18%       7%       0%         Spain       18%       44%       38%       0%         Sweden       98%       2%       0%       0%         Switzerland       80%       17%       1%       2%         United Kingdom       0%       100%       0%       0%	Portugal	25%	48%	27%	0%
Spain       18%       44%       38%       0%         Sweden       98%       2%       0%       0%         Switzerland       80%       17%       1%       2%         United Kingdom       0%       100%       0%       0%	Slovak Republic	0%	64%	36%	0%
Sweden         98%         2%         0%         0%           Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	Slovenia	75%	18%	7%	0%
Switzerland         80%         17%         1%         2%           United Kingdom         0%         100%         0%         0%	Spain	18%	44%	38%	0%
United Kingdom 0% 100% 0% 0%	Sweden	98%	2%	0%	0%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Switzerland	80%	17%	1%	2%
<b>United States</b> 6% 72% 23% 0%	United Kingdom	0%	100%	0%	0%
	United States	6%	72%	23%	0%

Source: OECD Statistics Global Revenue Statistics Database

The 2015 Commission on Local Tax Reform looked at the feasibility of various alternatives to council tax, including local income taxes and land value taxes. The final report did not recommend any one option but set out the pros and cons of each. It did conclude that "any reform of local tax has to include recurrent tax on domestic property, but that any such system needs to be more progressive than the current Council Tax system."

#### Citizens' assembly on local government funding

The Scottish Government's <u>2021 Programme for Government</u> commits the Government to:

"...reforming Council Tax to make it fairer, working with the Scottish Green Party and COSLA to oversee the development of effective deliberative engagement on sources of local government funding, including Council Tax, that will culminate in a Citizens' Assembly".

The <u>Joint Working Group on Sources of Local Government Funding and Council Tax Reform</u> was set up to consider longer-term reform of local taxation and is currently looking at various deliberative engagement options. Although linked to the recently ended Bute House Agreement, the joint working group will likely continue its work. At the moment there is very little in the way of timing information or details of progress on the Scottish Government website.

# Greig Liddell Senior Researcher 16 May 2024

The purpose of this briefing is to provide a brief overview of issues raised by the petition. SPICe research specialists are not able to discuss the content of petition briefings with petitioners or other members of the public. However, if you have any comments on any petition briefing you can email us at spice@parliament.scot

Every effort is made to ensure that the information contained in petition briefings is correct at the time of publication. Readers should be aware however that these briefings are not necessarily updated or otherwise amended to reflect subsequent changes.

Published by the Scottish Parliament Information Centre (SPICe), an office of the Scottish Parliamentary Corporate Body, The Scottish Parliament, Edinburgh, EH99 1SP

# **Annexe C: Written submission**

# Scottish Government submission of 22 May 2024

#### PE2096/A: Review the council tax system

The Scottish Government is grateful for the opportunity to contribute towards the Committee's consideration of this petition.

The Scottish Government is committed to a fairer, more inclusive and fiscally sustainable form of local taxation. In recent years the Scottish Ministers have pursued various means to identify an alternative to the current Council Tax system that can be supported by Parliament.

The Programme for Government 2021 committed to establishing a Joint Working Group to oversee deliberative engagement on local government funding, including Council Tax.

Scottish Ministers have convened the Joint Working Group on Sources of Local Government Funding and Council Tax Reform which is co-chaired by Scottish Ministers and COSLA. This group is considering proposals for meaningful changes to be introduced to Council Tax, and they have explored a broad range of measures with a core aim of providing fairness to the system. The group successfully agreed changes to the Council Tax treatment of second and long-term empty homes, and a 100% premium for second homes was introduced on 1 April 2024.

The group is now progressing the second phase of its work focused on longer-term reform, including developing plans for public engagement on the nature of reform.

I hope that you find this helpful.

# **Local Government and Housing Directorate**