

Pre-budget scrutiny 2027-28

Background

1. At today's meeting, the Committee will continue taking evidence as part of its [pre-budget scrutiny 2027-28 on the affordability and sustainability of Scotland's tax and spending plans](#), which the Committee agreed to undertake in June 2026.
2. The agreed remit of this pre-budget inquiry is—
 - to assess the viability of the Scottish Government's plans to bridge the anticipated £4.77 billion fiscal gap by 2029-30,
 - to establish what steps the Scottish Government should take to respond to the structural pressures on the Scottish Budget,
 - to better understand the extent to which the Scottish Government considers affordability and sustainability when prioritising and deprioritising spending,
 - to consider how the Scottish Government's approach to taxation fits within its wider plans to ensure the sustainability of Scotland's public finances,
 - to bring greater transparency to how new policies announced by the Scottish Government in recent months will be funded and their potential impact on other areas of the Scottish Budget,
 - to consider what actions the Scottish Government should take to respond to inflationary pressures on the Scottish Budget, including in relation to the cost of living,
 - to assess how the Scottish Government should use its financial flexibilities – such as borrowing, bonds, the mutual finance model, and the Scottish Reserve – to manage budget pressures, and
 - to establish what steps the Scottish Government takes to ensure public money delivers good value and effective outcomes.
3. The Committee launched a [call for views](#) on 1 July 2026 which ran until 14 August 2026. [66 written submissions](#) were received. A [summary of the written evidence received has been prepared by SPICe](#).
4. The call for views refers to the following Scottish Government publications—
 - [Medium-Term Financial Strategy, June 2025](#)

- [Fiscal Sustainability Delivery Plan, June 2025](#)
 - [Scottish Spending Review 2026, January 2026](#)
 - [Scottish Government's Bond programme factsheet, January 2026](#)
 - [Preventative Budgeting Tool and Guidance, June 2026](#)
5. Pre-budget evidence sessions took place on 9 and 16 September 2026¹. Further sessions are planned for 23 and 30 September 2026.
6. Pre-budget scrutiny is a key part of the [Budget process](#), allowing committees to influence the Scottish Budget as it is being developed by the Scottish Government rather than commenting after it is published. As part of pre-budget scrutiny, committees gather written and oral evidence, usually between June and October each year, to inform an evidence session with the relevant Cabinet Secretary and publication of a report. The Scottish Government must then respond to say how it has taken account of committee reports in its Budget, normally published in December.
7. The Committee produces an annual guidance document to support subject committees' scrutiny of the Scottish Budget, including pre-budget scrutiny. The Committee published the latest [Budget Process 2027-28: Guidance for Committees](#) on 18 June 2026.

Other recent work in this area

8. On 25 August 2026, the [Scottish Fiscal Commission](#) published its [annual Fiscal Update](#) setting out the latest economic developments and changes to the Scottish Government's funding and spending since [the Commission's last forecasts published alongside the Scottish Budget 2026-27 on 13 January 2026](#). The Committee took evidence from the Commission on its Fiscal Update, and other recent publications² on [2 September 2026](#).
9. The Fiscal Update notes that the economic outlook now appears to be weaker than previously forecast, with higher-than-expected inflation, rising energy prices and a risk of "higher food prices from high temperatures, wildfires, and drought across the UK and Europe". It notes that the exact knock-on implications of this weaker economic outlook for the Scottish Budget remain uncertain.
10. The Update also highlights additional funding for the Scottish Government in 2026-27 and 2028-29 largely due to UK Government spending decisions on education. It however notes particular pressures on the 2027-28 Scottish Budget, with "very little new funding" and a reduction of £720 million for a

¹ [The Official Report of 9 September 2026 meeting is available](#). The Official Report of 16 September 2026 meeting is expected to be available on [the Committee's web pages](#) by 21 September.

² [Forecast Evaluation Report – August 2026 | Scottish Fiscal Commission](#), [Statement of Data Needs – August 2026 | Scottish Fiscal Commission](#) and [Fiscal Sustainability Perspectives: what Scotland's finances mean for the next parliament – February 2026 | Scottish Fiscal Commission](#).

negative income tax reconciliation to “correct funding for forecast errors in the 2024-25 [Scottish] Budget”.³

11. The First Minister announced the [Scottish Government's Programme for Government 2026 to 2031](#) on 1 September 2026, with the priorities of “eradicating child poverty, growing the economy, tackling the climate emergency, [and] delivering high quality and sustainable public services”. A significant focus is on public service reform, including decluttering the public sector, putting prevention first, delivering improved outcomes through public services and empowering people and communities.
12. The Cabinet Secretary for Finance and Local Government, [in a letter to the Committee of 24 June 2026](#), committed to deliver a fiscal statement to Parliament in September, “aligned with the Programme for Government, setting out the current fiscal context and the key issues and choices facing the Scottish Budget”. [The Cabinet Secretary has since confirmed](#) that the Scottish Budget 2027-28 will be published on 3 December 2026.

Today's meeting

13. At today's meeting, the Committee will take evidence from two panels of witnesses as part of its pre-budget scrutiny 2027-28. These witnesses are listed below along with weblinks to their written submissions—

- Panel 1 – Local government perspective:
 - [Aberdeenshire Council](#),
 - [COSLA, Solace and Directors of Finance](#)⁴, and
 - [South Lanarkshire Council](#).
- Panel 2 (in roundtable format) – Public services and prevention:
 - [Chartered Institute of Housing](#),
 - [Child Poverty Action Group](#),
 - [Colleges Scotland](#),
 - [Police Scotland](#),
 - [Public Health Scotland](#),
 - [Scottish Care](#),
 - [Scottish Council for Voluntary Organisations](#),
 - [Scottish Trades Union Congress](#), and
 - [Universities Scotland](#).

Clerks to the Committee
September 2026

³The SFC explains that “the contribution of Income Tax to the Scottish Budget is based on forecasts from both, us and the OBR. When outturn data on tax revenues in Scotland and the rest of the UK becomes available, the forecast error is calculated, and adjustments are made to a later Scottish Budget. This process is known as a reconciliation.”

⁴ COSLA: Convention of Scottish Local Authorities. Solace: Society of Local Authority Chief Executives.