

Scottish Fiscal Commission Bill

[AS INTRODUCED]

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ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS

Explanatory Notes, together with other accompanying documents, are printed separately as SP Bill 78-EN. A Policy Memorandum is printed separately as SP Bill 78-PM.

Scottish Fiscal Commission Bill

[AS INTRODUCED]

An Act of the Scottish Parliament to establish the Scottish Fiscal Commission and to provide for its functions.

Scottish Fiscal Commission

1 Establishment

- 5 (1) The Scottish Fiscal Commission (in Gaelic, Coimisean Fiosgail na h-Alba) is established.
- (2) In this Act, it is referred to as “the Commission”.

Functions

2 Functions

- 10 (1) The Commission is to prepare reports setting out its assessment of the reasonableness of—
- 15 (a) the Scottish Ministers’ forecasts of receipts from the devolved taxes,
- (b) the assumptions made by the Scottish Ministers in relation to the determinants described in subsection (2) (being the economic determinants on which the Scottish Ministers’ forecasts of receipts from non-domestic rates are based),
- (c) the Scottish Ministers’ forecasts of receipts from income tax attributable to a Scottish rate resolution,
- (d) the Scottish Ministers’ projections as to their borrowing requirements.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b), the determinants are—
- 20 (a) the change predicted to the rateable value of the lands and heritages on the valuation rolls, and
- (b) the rate of inflation used for the purposes of the forecast of the non-domestic rate to be prescribed under section 7B of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1975.
- 25 (3) The Commission may from time to time prepare reports setting out its assessment of the reasonableness of such fiscal factors (other than those mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (d) of subsection (1)) as it considers appropriate.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (3), a “fiscal factor” is any forecast, assumption or projection which the Scottish Ministers use to ascertain the amount of resources likely to be available for the purposes of sections 1 to 3 of the Public Finance and Accountability (Scotland) Act 2000.

5 (5) Reports prepared under this section may include such other information relating to the assessments being made as the Commission considers appropriate.

(6) Where a policy of the Scottish Ministers is relevant to the Commission’s performance of its functions under this section, the Commission—

(a) must have regard to the policy, but

10 (b) may not consider what the effect of any alternative policy would be.

3 Meaning of terms used in section 2

(1) This section defines terms used in section 2.

(2) “Devolved taxes” is to be construed in accordance with section 80A(4) of the Scotland Act 1998.

15 (3) “Non-domestic rates” means non-domestic rates levied under section 7B(2) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1975.

(4) “Scottish rate resolution” is to be construed in accordance with section 80C(1) of the Scotland Act 1998.

20 (5) “Valuation roll” is to be construed in accordance with section 1 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1975.

4 Reports

(1) The Commission must lay a report prepared under section 2(1) before the Scottish Parliament on the same day as that on which the Scottish Ministers lay before the Parliament the draft Scottish budget for the subsequent financial year.

25 (2) The Commission must lay any other report prepared under section 2(1) or a report prepared under section 2(3) before the Scottish Parliament as soon as reasonably practicable after the report is prepared.

(3) Before laying a report prepared under section 2 before the Scottish Parliament, the Commission must send a copy of it to the Scottish Ministers.

30 (4) Once a report prepared under section 2 has been laid before the Scottish Parliament, the Commission must publish it.

(5) The Commission may publish reports prepared under section 2 in such manner as it considers appropriate.

5 Power to modify the Commission’s functions

35 (1) Subject to subsection (2), the Scottish Ministers may by regulations—

(a) confer functions on the Commission,

(b) modify the functions of the Commission,

(c) remove functions from the Commission.

- (2) Regulations under subsection (1) may not remove the Commission's functions under section 2(1) or (3) (but may remove or modify any paragraph in subsection (1) of that section).
- (3) Regulations under subsection (1) are subject to the affirmative procedure.
- 5 (4) In preparing a draft of a Scottish statutory instrument containing regulations under subsection (1) for laying before the Scottish Parliament, the Scottish Ministers must consult—
- (a) the Commission, and
 - (b) such other persons as they consider appropriate.
- 10 (5) Regulations under subsection (1) may—
- (a) modify this Act or any other enactment,
 - (b) include incidental, supplementary, consequential, transitional, transitory or saving provision.

6 Independence

- 15 (1) In performing its functions, the Commission is not subject to the direction or control of any member of the Scottish Government.
- (2) This section is subject to any contrary provision in this or any other enactment.

7 Access to information

- (1) The Commission—
- 20 (a) has a right of access at reasonable times to any relevant information that the Commission may reasonably require for the purpose of performing its functions,
- (b) may require any person who holds or is accountable for relevant information to provide at reasonable times any assistance or explanation that the Commission may reasonably require for the purpose of—
- 25 (i) performing its functions, or
- (ii) exercising the right conferred by paragraph (a).
- (2) In subsection (1), “relevant information” means information in the possession or under the control of—
- 30 (a) any member of the Scottish Government,
- (b) Revenue Scotland,
- (c) the Keeper of the Registers of Scotland,
- (d) the Scottish Environment Protection Agency,
- (e) such other person, or person of such description, as the Scottish Ministers may by regulations specify.
- 35 (3) Subsection (1) is subject to any other enactment or rule of law that prohibits or restricts the disclosure of any information or the giving of any assistance or explanation.
- (4) Regulations under subsection (2)(e) are subject to the affirmative procedure.

8 Annual report

- (1) The Commission must, as soon as reasonably practicable after the end of each financial year—
- (a) prepare and publish a report on its activities during the year,
 - (b) lay a copy of the report before the Scottish Parliament, and
 - (c) send a copy of the report to the Scottish Ministers.
- (2) The Commission may publish its reports under this section in such manner as it considers appropriate.

9 Review of Commission's performance

- (1) The Commission must, at least once in every 5-year period, appoint a suitable person or body to review and prepare a report on the Commission's performance of its functions during the period.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), a person or body is suitable only if—
- (a) the person or body has expertise likely to be relevant to the assessment of the performance of the Commission's functions under section 2, and
 - (b) the person or body is not—
 - (i) a member of the Commission, or
 - (ii) disqualified from appointment as such a member by virtue of section 12(1)(a).
- (3) The Commission may make such payment to a person or body appointed under subsection (1) in respect of a review as it may, with the approval of the Scottish Ministers, determine.
- (4) The Commission must—
- (a) publish each report prepared under subsection (1),
 - (b) lay a copy of it before the Scottish Parliament, and
 - (c) send a copy of it to the Scottish Ministers.
- (5) The Commission may publish reports prepared under subsection (1) in such manner as it considers appropriate.
- (6) In this section, "5-year period" means—
- (a) the period of 5 years beginning with the date on which section 2 comes into force,
 - (b) each successive period of 5 years.

*Corporate status***10 Corporate status**

The Commission is a body corporate.

*Membership***11 Members of the Commission**

- (1) The Commission is to consist of—

- (a) a member to chair the Commission, and
 - (b) at least 2 but no more than 4 other members.
- (2) The Scottish Ministers are to appoint the members.
- (3) The Scottish Ministers may appoint a person as a member only if the Scottish Parliament has approved the appointment.
- (4) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations amend subsection (1)(b) by substituting a different number for any number for the time being specified there.
- (5) Regulations under subsection (4) are subject to the negative procedure.

12 Disqualification for appointment

- (1) The Scottish Ministers may not appoint a person as a member if the person—
- (a) is—
 - (i) a member of the Scottish Parliament,
 - (ii) a member of the House of Commons,
 - (iii) a member of the National Assembly for Wales,
 - (iv) a member of the Northern Ireland Assembly,
 - (v) a member of the European Parliament,
 - (vi) a councillor of any local authority,
 - (vii) the holder of any other relevant elective office within the meaning of paragraph 1(8) of schedule 7 to the Political Parties, Elections and Referendums Act 2000,
 - (viii) a member of the Scottish Government,
 - (ix) a Minister of the Crown,
 - (x) an office-holder of the Crown in right of Her Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom,
 - (xi) an office-holder in the Scottish Administration,
 - (xii) a civil servant,
 - (b) is or has been insolvent,
 - (c) is or has been disqualified as a company director under the Company Directors Disqualification Act 1986,
 - (d) is or has been disqualified as a charity trustee under the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, or
 - (e) is or has been disqualified under any disqualification provision analogous to either of those mentioned in paragraphs (c) and (d), anywhere in the world.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(b), a person is or has been insolvent if—
- (a) the person's estate is or has been sequestrated,
 - (b) the person has granted a trust deed for creditors or has made a composition or arrangement with creditors,
 - (c) the person is or has been the subject of any other kind of arrangement analogous to either of those described in paragraphs (a) and (b), anywhere in the world.

- (3) The Scottish Ministers may not reappoint a person who is or has been a member.

13 Period and terms of appointment

- (1) A member is appointed for such period as the Scottish Ministers may determine.
- (2) The Scottish Ministers may determine other terms of an appointment, so far as not provided for by this Act.

14 Disqualification after appointment

- (1) A person's appointment as a member ceases if the person becomes disqualified as a member after appointment.
- (2) A person becomes disqualified as a member after appointment if, during the person's period of appointment as a member, any of paragraphs (a) to (e) of section 12(1) applies to the person.

15 Resignation

A member may resign by giving notice in writing to—

- (a) the Scottish Ministers, and
- (b) the Presiding Officer of the Scottish Parliament.

16 Removal

- (1) The Scottish Ministers may remove a member, by giving the member notice in writing, if—
- (a) the member has been absent from meetings of the Commission for a period longer than 3 months without permission from the Commission, or
- (b) the Scottish Ministers consider that the member is—
- (i) otherwise unfit to continue to be a member, or
- (ii) unable to perform the member's functions.
- (2) The Scottish Ministers may remove a member under subsection (1) only with the approval of the Scottish Parliament.

Remuneration and expenses

17 Remuneration and expenses

- (1) The Commission may pay to its members such remuneration as it may, with the approval of the Scottish Ministers, determine.
- (2) The Commission may pay to its members such sums as it may, with the approval of the Scottish Ministers, determine in respect of expenses incurred by them in performing their functions.

Staff

18 Chief of Staff and other staff

- (1) The Commission must employ a person to act as the Commission's Chief of Staff.

- (2) The Commission may employ other staff.
- (3) The Chief of Staff and other staff are to be employed on such terms as the Commission may, with the approval of the Scottish Ministers, determine.

General

5 **19 Regulation of procedure**

The Commission may regulate its own procedure (including quorum).

20 Validity of things done

The validity of anything done by the Commission is not affected by—

- (a) a vacancy in membership,
- 10 (b) a defect in the appointment of a member,
- (c) disqualification of a person as a member after appointment.

21 Committees

- (1) The Commission may establish committees.
- 15 (2) The membership of a committee may include (but may not consist entirely of) persons who are not members of the Commission but those persons are not entitled to vote at meetings.
- (3) The Commission may pay each person mentioned in subsection (2) such remuneration and allowances as it may, with the approval of the Scottish Ministers, determine.

22 Authority to perform functions

- 20 (1) The Commission may authorise—
 - (a) any of its members,
 - (b) any committee established by it,
 - (c) any member of its staff,
 - (d) any other person,
- 25 to perform such of its functions (to such extent) as it may determine.
- (2) The giving of authority under subsection (1) to perform a function does not—
 - (a) affect the Commission's responsibility for the performance of the function,
 - (b) prevent the Commission from performing the function itself.

23 General powers

- 30 The Commission may do anything that appears to it—
 - (a) to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of, or in connection with, the performance of its functions,
 - (b) to be otherwise conducive to the performance of its functions.

*Transitional and consequential***24 Initial members**

- 5 (1) The person who was, immediately before the commencement date, the chairing member of the non-statutory Commission is, on that date, taken to have been appointed under section 11(1)(a) as the member to chair the Commission.
- (2) Any person who was, immediately before the commencement date, a member (other than chairing member) of the non-statutory Commission is, on that date, taken to have been appointed under section 11(1)(b) as a member of the Commission.
- 10 (3) A person to whom subsection (1) or (2) applies is referred to in this section as an “initial member”.
- (4) An initial member’s period of appointment as a member—
- (a) is to continue to be the same as that for which the member had been appointed as a member of the non-statutory Commission, and
- (b) accordingly expires at the time at which the period of appointment as a member of the non-statutory Commission would have expired.
- 15 (5) Except as may be agreed between the Scottish Ministers and an initial member, the other terms of the member’s appointment are to continue to be the same as the terms on which the member had been appointed as a member of the non-statutory Commission, so far as consistent with this Act.
- 20 (6) In this section—
- “commencement date” means the day on which section 1 comes into force,
- “the non-statutory Commission” means the body known as the Scottish Fiscal Commission established by the Scottish Government following the Scottish Parliament’s resolution of 24 June 2014 endorsing its establishment and supporting the appointment of the persons nominated to be members.
- 25

25 Amendment of public bodies’ legislation

- (1) In the Ethical Standards in Public Life etc. (Scotland) Act 2000, in schedule 3 (devolved public bodies), after the entry relating to the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service insert—
- “The Scottish Fiscal Commission”.
- 30 (2) In the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002, in Part 2 of schedule 1 (non-ministerial office holders in the Scottish Administration), after paragraph 18A insert—
- “18AA The Scottish Fiscal Commission”.
- (3) In the Public Appointments and Public Bodies etc. (Scotland) Act 2003, in schedule 2 (the specified authorities), under the heading “Executive bodies”, after the entry relating to the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service insert—
- “Scottish Fiscal Commission”.
- 35 (4) In the Public Services Reform (Scotland) Act 2010, in schedule 8 (listed public bodies), after the entry relating to the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service insert—
- “Scottish Fiscal Commission”.
- 40 (5) In the Public Records (Scotland) Act 2011, in the schedule, under the heading “Scottish Administration” after the entry relating to the Scottish Courts and Tribunals Service insert—

“Scottish Fiscal Commission”.

- (6) In the Procurement Reform (Scotland) Act 2014, in Part 1 of the schedule (contracting authorities: Scottish Administration and Scottish Parliament), after paragraph 13B insert—

5 “13C Scottish Fiscal Commission”.

Ancillary provision

26 Ancillary provision

- 10 (1) The Scottish Ministers may by regulations make any incidental, supplementary, consequential, transitional, transitory or saving provision they consider appropriate for the purposes of, in connection with or for giving full effect to this Act.
- (2) Regulations under this section may—
- (a) make different provision for different purposes,
 - (b) modify this Act or any other enactment.
- 15 (3) Regulations under this section containing provision which adds to, replaces or omits any part of the text of an Act are subject to the affirmative procedure.
- (4) Otherwise, regulations under this section are subject to the negative procedure.

Final provisions

27 Commencement

- 20 (1) This section and sections 26 and 28 come into force on the day after Royal Assent.
- (2) The other provisions of this Act come into force on such day as the Scottish Ministers may by regulations appoint.
- (3) Regulations under subsection (2) may—
- (a) include transitional, transitory or saving provision,
 - (b) make different provision for different purposes.

25 **28 Short title**

The short title of this Act is the Scottish Fiscal Commission Act 2016.

Scottish Fiscal Commission Bill

[AS INTRODUCED]

An Act of the Scottish Parliament to establish the Scottish Fiscal Commission and to provide for its functions.

Introduced by: John Swinney
On: 28 September 2015
Bill type: Government Bill

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